Excalibur Art Curriculum

<u>Year 4</u>

<u>Art Intent</u>

Our Art curriculum at Excalibur has been designed, in line with 'Development Matters in the EYFS' guidance and the national curriculum to bring engagement, fun and enthusiasm to learning so that our children develop independent curiosity, acquire a lifelong appetite for learning and become well-rounded individuals who achieve their full potential, both personally and academically. It will stimulate creativity, imagination and individuality. We allow our children in KS1 and 2 to study areas of art in extensive detail so they can develop knowledge, understanding and skills to confidently investigate, create and evaluate their own works of art.

Art Implementation Year 4				
Skills	Key Learning	Composite Tasks		
<u>Generating Ideas</u>	<u> Drawing – Power Prints</u>	<u> Drawing – Power Prints</u>		
• Generate ideas from a range of stimuli, using research	• Draw using tone to create a 3D effect.	Create a scratch art drawing		
and evaluation of techniques to develop their ideas and	• Explore proportion and tone when drawing.	Work collaboratively to develop drawings into		
plan ore purposely for an outcome.	• Plan a composition for a mixed-media drawing.	prints.		
<u>Sketch Books</u>	• Use shading techniques to create pattern and			
• Use sketchbooks purposefully to improve understanding,	contrast.			
develop ideas and plan for an outcome.				
Making Skills	Focus artist – Georges Seurat			
• Apply observational skill, showing a greater awareness of				
composition and demonstrating the beginnings of an				
individual style.				
• Use growing knowledge of different drawing materials,				
combining media for effect.				

• Demonstrate greater control over drawing tools to show	Painting and mixed media – Light and Dark	Painting and mixed media – Light and Dark
awareness of proportion and perspective, continuing to		A still life drawing - apply knowledge of colour
develop use of tone and more intricate mark making.	• To investigate different ways of applying paint	mixing and painting techniques to create a finished
• Explore the way paint can be used in different ways to	• To mix tints and shades of a colour	piece
create a variety of effects, e.g. beginning to use tone to	• Use tints and shades to give a three-dimensional	
create 3D effects.	effect when painting	
• Work selectively, choosing and adapting collage materials	• Explore how paint can create very different effects	
to create contrast and considering overall composition.	 Consider proportion and composition when 	
 Use more complex techniques to mould and form 	planning a still-life painting	
malleable materials, such as the coil pot technique in clay		
and adding detailed surface decoration.	Focus artist – Audrey Flack	
• Show an understanding of appropriate finish and present		
work to a good standard.	<u>Sculpture and 3D – Mega Materials</u>	<u>Sculpture and 3D – Mega Materials</u>
• Respond to a stimulus and begin to make choices about	• Develop ideas for 3D work through drawing and	Choose and join a variety of materials to make
materials used to work in 3D.	visualisation in 2D.	sculpture
• Learn new making techniques, comparing these and	• Use more complex techniques to shape materials.	
making decisions about which method to use to achieve a	• Explore how shapes can be formed and joined in	
particular outcome.	wire.	
• Design and make art for different purposes and begin to	• Consider the effect of how sculpture is displayed.	
consider how this works in creative industries.	Focus artists – Sokari Douglas Camp and Henry	
<u>Knowledge of Artists</u>	Moore	
• Use subject vocabulary confidently to describe and		
compare creative works.	<u>Craft and Design – Fabric of Nature</u>	<u>Craft and Design – Fabric of Nature</u>
• Use their own experiences of techniques and making	 Understand starting points in a design process. 	Create a design and transfer to a batik print on
processes to explain how art works may have been made.	 Explore techniques to develop imagery. 	fabric
<u>Evaluate and Analyse</u>	 Explore using a textile technique to develop 	
• Build a more complex vocabulary when discussing their	patterns.	
own and others' art.	• Learn how to create a repeating pattern.	
• Evaluate their work more regularly and independently	• Understand how art is made for different purposes	
during the planning and making process.	Focus artists – Ruth Daniels, William Morris (link	
	with Victorians history topic)	

<u>Art Vocabulary Year 4</u>

Drawing	Painting and Mixed Media	Sculpture and 3D	Craft and Design
collaborate/collaboratively	muted	form	design
collage	paint wash	found objects	develop
combine	vivid	hollow	designer
composition	patterned	join	imagery
contrast	pointillism	mesh	industry
cross-hatching	portrait	model	inspiration
figurative	shade	organic	repeating
gradient hatching	shadow	shape	rainforest
highlight	stippling	pliers	symmetrical
mixed media	paint technique	quarry	texture
pattern	texture three dimensional (3D)	texture three-dimensional (3D)	theme
precision	tint	tone two-dimensional (2D)	batik
printmaking	abstract	typography	colour
proportion	composition	visualisation	palette craft/craftsperson
shading	contrasting	weaving	mood board
shadow	dabbing paint	welding	organic
symmetry	detailed	abstract	pattern
three dimensional (3D)	figurative	carving	repeat
tone	formal	ceramics	
viewfinder	grid	figurative	
wax-resist	landscape	sculpture	
monoprint	mark-making	secure	
observational drawing		surface	
parallel		template	
abstract			
block print			

Formal Elements		
Colour	Know that adding black to a colour creates shade.	
	Know that adding white to a colour creates a tint.	
Form	Know that using lighter and darker tints and shades of a colour can create a 3D effect.	
	Know that simple structures can be made stronger by adding layers, folding and rolling.	
Shape	Know how to use basic shapes to form more complex shapes and patterns.	
Line	Know that lines can be lighter or darker, or thicker or thinner and that this can add expression or movement to a drawing.	
Pattern	Know that symmetry can be used to create repeating patterns.	
	Know that patterns can be irregular, and change in ways you wouldn't expect.	
Texture	Know how to use texture more purposely to achieve a specific effect or to replicate a natural surface.	
Tone	Know that using lighter and darker tints and shades of a colour can create a 3D effect.	
	Know that tone can be used to create contrast in an artwork.	