1) 


$£ 5$ and 61 pence $+£ 2$ and 95 pence.
There is $£ 7$ and 156 p.
$156 p=£ 1$ and 56p.
Altogether there is $£ 8$ and 56 pence.
2) a) $£ 5$ and 59 pence
b) $£ 15$ and II pence
3) $£ 5$ and 64 pence.

1) $\operatorname{Bag} A=£ 9$ and 14 pence

Bag $B=£ 9$ and 60 pence
$\operatorname{Bag} C=£ 9$ and 50 pence.


Grace $=\operatorname{Bag} C$
Polly $=\operatorname{Bag} B$
Finn $=\operatorname{Bag} A$
2) Ada is correct. They have $£ 25$ and 2 pence altogether which is $2 p$ more than $£ 25$.
3) Chester's bill cannot be correct. If he had tea and a cupcake, the total would be $£ 5$ and 20 pence. If he had orange juice and a cupcake, the total would be $£ 4$ and 44 pence.

1) No. A book and a chocolate bar cost $£ 7$ and 3 pence altogether. This is more than $£ 7$ so Esme doesn't have enough money.
2) Esme could buy:
$I$ book and I pack of pencils costing $£ 5$ and 87 pence
$I$ ball and I pack of pencils costing $£ 4$ and 51 pence
I ball and I chocolate bar costing $£ 5$ and 67 pence
I toy train and I pack of pencils costing $£ 6$ and 26 pence
I pack of pencils and I chocolate bar costing $£ 3$ and 40 pence
3) Children's answers will vary dependent on their chosen items and prices.
