# 5. Mark schemes for the English reading test

Qu	Requirement	Mark
1	Look at the introduction.	1m
	Why is space tourism impossible for most people?	
	<b>Content domain:</b> 2d – make inferences from the text / explain and justify inferences with evidence from the text.	
	<b>Award 1 mark</b> for explaining that it is impossible for most people because it costs too much, e.g.	
	<ul><li>most people can't afford it</li><li>it is too expensive.</li></ul>	

2	How would you get from the spacecraft to the space hotel?				
	<b>Content domain:</b> 2b – retrieve and record information / identify key details from fiction and non-fiction.				
	Award 1 mark for answers that refer to floating down the tube (holding the cable).				

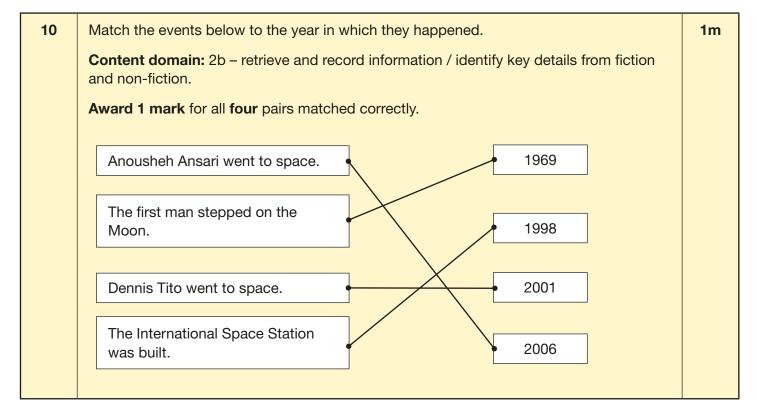
Qu	Requirement	Mark			
3	Look at page 4.	Up to			
	According to the text, what could you do on your space holiday?	2m			
	Give <b>two</b> examples.				
	Content domain: 2b – retrieve and record information / identify key details from fiction and non-fiction.				
	<b>Award 1 mark</b> for identifying any of the following activities, up to a maximum of <b>2 marks</b> :				
	1. look at Earth or space / admire the view, e.g.				
	admire unique views of Earth				
	look at the outside of earth				
	• look down at Earth.				
	2. experience weightlessness / activities associated with floating, e.g.				
	enjoy being weightless				
	enjoy the endless entertainment of being weightless.				
	3. space-walk, e.g.				
	• do a space walk.				
	<b>Do not accept</b> plausible experiences that are not derived from the text or are unconnected with space travel, e.g.				
	take photos of the moon / see what the Moon is made from				
	I'd write a blog     atow in a botal				
	stay in a hotel.				
4	How much did the first space tourist pay to go into space?	1m			
	Content domain: 2b – retrieve and record information / identify key details from fiction and non-fiction.				
	Award 1 mark for (around £)14 million / (£)14m.				
5	How can you tell that the International Space Station is very large?	1m			
	Content domain: 2b – retrieve and record information / identify key details from fiction and non-fiction.				
	Award 1 mark for answers referring to the fact that it can be seen from Earth, e.g.				
	You can see it from / on Earth.				

Qu	Requirement	Mark
6	How did Anousheh's trip into space make history?	1m
	Content domain: 2d – make inferences from the text / explain and justify inferences with evidence from the text.	
	Award 1 mark for answers recognising that she was the first female space tourist.	
	she was the first lady to have a holiday in space	
	she was the first female tourist in space.	
	Do not accept answers that say she was the first female (into space).	

7	Look at the text box Who has already had a holiday in space?						
	Complete the table about Anousheh's trip into space.						
	Content domain: 2b – retrieve and record information / identify key details from fiction and non-fiction.						
	Award 2 marks for all three correct.						
	Award 1 mark for two correct.						
	Where did she start her trip?	Russia     Do not accept Russian ISS or Earth					
	Where did she stay in space?	space station / ISS					
	How long did she stay in space?  • 8 days  Do not accept 8						

8	Look at Anousheh's blog entry for September 25th.	1m
	<b>Find</b> and <b>copy</b> a group of words that shows that Anousheh wrote her blog for others to read.	
	Content domain: 2d – make inferences from the text / explain and justify inferences with evidence from the text.	
	Award 1 mark for either of the following:	
	1. (Well) my friends	
	2. Everyone wants to know.	
	Do not accept longer quotations from the text.	

Qu	Requirement	Mark
9	Look at Anousheh's blog entry for September 27th.	Up to
	Explain how Anousheh felt about being in space that day.	2m
	<b>Content domain:</b> 2d – make inferences from the text / explain and justify inferences with evidence from the text.	
	<b>Award 2 marks</b> for answers that contain <b>both</b> an appropriate reference to Anousheh's positive attitude, inferred from the text, <b>and</b> development in the form of a <u>relevant</u> quote / example(s) of activities she did in space, e.g.	
	<ul> <li>you can tell that she liked space because of all the fun things she wrote like floating about without any effort and lifting heavy things [positive attitude + examples of activities]</li> <li>she enjoyed it because of all the wonderful advantages she kept on describing [positive attitude + quote]</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>she felt wonderful being able to do somersaults and flying around [positive attitude + examples of activities].</li> </ul>	
	Award 1 mark for identifying Anousheh's positive attitude inferred from the text, e.g.	
	she loved it / she felt it was wonderful.	
	Also accept for 1 mark the following quotations (as they convey positive emotion), e.g.	
	<ul><li>she said being weightless had some wonderful advantages</li><li>everything is effortless.</li></ul>	
	Do not accept emotions that are not supported by the text, e.g. pride.	



Qu	Requirement				Mark		
11	Using information from the text, tick one box in each row to show whether each statement is a <b>fact</b> or an <b>opinion</b> .						
	Content domain: 2d – make inferences from t evidence from the text.	he text / exp	olain and just	tify inferences with			
	Award 1 mark for all four correct.						
	Fact Opinion						
	Anousheh Ansari kept an online diary.	<b>✓</b>					
	Brushing your teeth in space is a joy.		1				
	Being weightless is endlessly entertaining.		1				
	Tourists can stay on the International Space Station.						

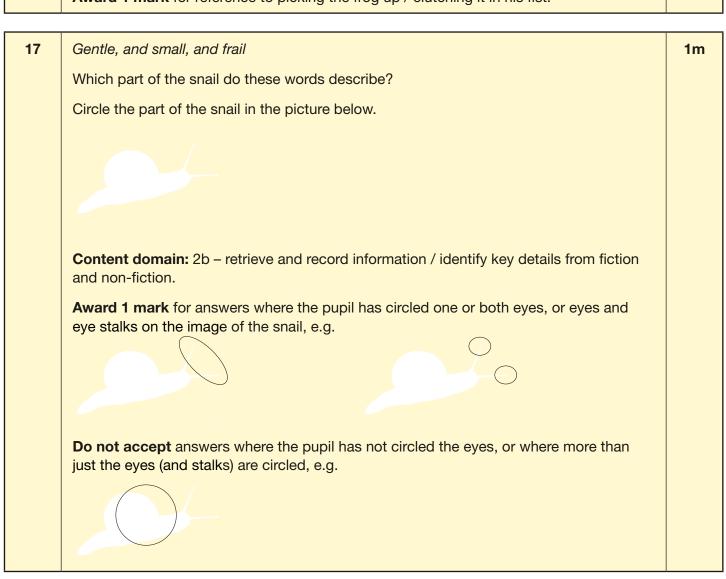
12	in a flash (page 6)	1m
	What does this tell you about the burning of rocks in space?	
	<b>Content domain:</b> 2g – identify / explain how meaning is enhanced through choice of words and phrases.	
	Award 1 mark for either acceptable point:	
	1. the rock burns very quickly, e.g.	
	they burn quickly / suddenly / instantly	
	• it happens fast.	
	2. the rock burns brightly, e.g.	
	when the rock burns you get a dazzling light.	
	Do not accept reference to speed of travel, e.g.	
	they go / fly / travel very quickly.	

Qu	Requirement	Mark
13	Find out when a meteor shower is due and arrange to go star spotting with an adult	1m
	In this sentence, the word arrange is closest in meaning to	
	Content domain: 2a – give / explain the meaning of words in context.	
	Award 1 mark for the correct option ticked.	
	set out.	
	meet.	
	pack up.	
	plan.	
14	How does the information on page 6 make it sound easy to be a star spotter?	2m
	Give <b>two</b> ways.	
	Content domain: 2d – make inferences from the text / explain and justify inferences with evidence from the text.	
	Award 1 mark for reference to any of the following acceptable points from page 6, up to a maximum of 2 marks:	
	1. accessible location, e.g.	
	You don't have to travel far to do it	
	You don't have to be in space (to see them)	
	You don't have to leave Earth.	
	2. you do not need specialist equipment, e.g.	
	You can do it with things you'll have in the house	
	You don't need a telescope or binoculars	
	You don't need any expensive equipment	
	<ul> <li>It sounds easy because all you need is a nice spot, a blanket, pillow and torch.</li> </ul>	
	3. you don't need an expert to show you how to do it, e.g.	
	<ul> <li>You just need to go with an adult, they don't need to know anything about space.</li> </ul>	
	Do not accept answers that are focussed on the structure of page 6, e.g.  • the instructions are laid out clearly.	

Qu	Requirement				Mark	
15	Tick <b>true</b> or <b>false</b> in the following table to show what you should do when spotting shooting stars.					
	Content domain: 2b – retrieve and record information and non-fiction.	/ identify l	key details	from fiction		
	Award 1 mark for all four correct.			1		
		True	False			
	Take warm clothes, a blanket, a pillow and a torch.	1				
	Stay close to town.		1			
	Point your torch up to the sky.		1			
	You must have binoculars.		<b>✓</b>			

#### **Section 2: Giants**

Qu	Requirement	Mark
16a	What does the 'giant' do to frighten the snail?	1m
	Content domain: 2b – retrieve and record information / identify key details from fiction and non-fiction.	
	Award 1 mark for reference to touching the snail's threads / stalks / eyes.	
16b	What does the 'giant' do to frighten the frog?	1m
	Content domain: 2b – retrieve and record information / identify key details from fiction and non-fiction.	
	Award 1 mark for reference to picking the frog up / clutching it in his fist.	



### **Section 2: Giants**

Qu	Requirement	Mark
18	Gentle, and small, and frail	1m
	How do these words make the reader feel about the snail?	
	Content domain: 2d – make inferences from the text / explain and justify inferences with evidence from the text.	
	Award 1 mark for answers that refer to concern / empathy, e.g.	
	<ul><li>sorry for it</li><li>sympathy</li></ul>	
	worried about it	
	you'd want to protect it.	
	Also accept answers that recognise the snail is being treated unfairly, e.g.	
	angry for it	
	upset about what's happening to it.	
	Do not accept answers that refer to the snail rather than the reader's feelings, e.g.	
	• it's got a thin shell	
	• it's really delicate.	

19	How does the snail behave when it is afraid?	1m
	Give <b>two</b> ways.	
	<b>Content domain:</b> 2b – retrieve and record information / identify key details from fiction and non-fiction.	
	Award 1 mark for two of the following acceptable points:	
	1. (the speed or urgency with which) it retracts its eyes, e.g.	
	it snatches its eyes back in.	
	2. (the speed or urgency with which) it goes into its shell, e.g.	
	it quickly disappears into its shell	
	it goes into its shell.	
	3. it cowers	
	4. it quivers.	

#### Sample key stage 2 English reading test mark schemes

Qu	Requirement	Mark
20	Into your pitiful shell, so brittle and thin	1m
	In this line, the word <i>brittle</i> is closest in meaning to	
	Content domain: 2a – give / explain the meaning of words in context.	
	Award 1 mark for the correct option ticked.	
	shiny.	
	soft.	
	delicate.	
	rough.	

**21** Explain **two** things that the words *emerald scrap* suggest about the frog.

2m

Content domain: 2a – give / explain the meaning of words in context.

**Award 2 marks** for responses that interpret **both** emerald and scrap:

Acceptable points for emerald:

- **1.** green
- 2. high value
- 3. sparkling / shiny

Acceptable points for scrap:

- 4. insignificance or smallness
- **5.** fragility
- 6. worthless / disposable / rubbish, e.g.
  - It shows that the frog is like a precious stone, but it's like a scrap of rubbish too. [AP2, AP6]
  - Emerald tells us that the frog is green and scrap makes us realise that it is tiny and unimportant. [AP1, AP4]
  - It's green and it's small. [minimal AP1, AP4]

**Award 1 mark** for an interpretation of **either** emerald **or** scrap from one or more of the acceptable points, e.g.

- Emerald scrap reminds us that the frog is insignificant. [AP4]
- It means the frog is little and worth nothing. [AP4, AP6]
- That it is a shimmery green. [AP3, AP1]

**Do not accept** answers that repeat the idea that this expression describes the frog or that are vague / general, e.g.

- It puts a clear picture in our minds
- It tells us what the frog looks like
- It means the frog is pretty / handsome / gross / horrible / ugly.

### **Section 2: Giants**

Qu	Requirement	Mark
22	What is the tremendous monster?	1m
	Content domain: 2d – make inferences from the text / explain and justify inferences with evidence from the text.	
	Award 1 mark for reference to the tremendous monster being a human.	
	Do not accept: It is a giant.	

23	Just for the joy Of watching you jump, scramble, tumble, fall	1m
	Find and copy two more words from the poem that show that the frog was frightened.	
	Content domain: 2a - give / explain the meaning of words in context.	
	Award 1 mark for two of the following acceptable points:	
	1. trembling (throat)	
	2. shivering	
	3. dread.	

24	What is the main message of the poem?	1m
	Content domain: 2c - summarise main ideas from more than one paragraph.	
	Award 1 mark for the correct option ticked.	
	People can learn a lot from holding small creatures.	
	People should think about how their actions affect others.	
	People are much bigger than frogs and snails.	
	People should overcome their fear of nature.	